## 2013 Nigeria Demographic and Health Survey (NDHS): South South

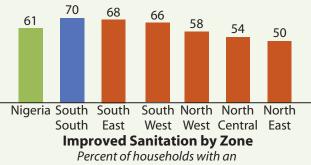
The 2013 Nigeria Demographic and Health Survey (NDHS) provides data for monitoring the population and health situation in Nigeria. 2013 NDHS is the fifth Demographic Health Survey conducted in the country.

The survey is based on a nationally representative sample. It provides estimates for urban and rural areas of the country, for each of the six zones, and, in most cases, for each of the 36 states, and the Federal Capital Territory (FCT).

|             | Number<br>interviewed | Response<br>rate |
|-------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Households  | 38,522                | 99%              |
| Women 15-49 | 38,948                | 98%              |
| Men 15-49   | 17,359                | 95%              |

#### Improved Source of Drinking Water by Zone

Percent of households with an improved source of drinking water



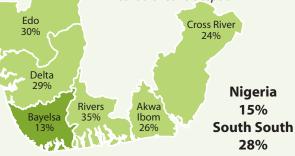
improved, not shared sanitation facility



#### **Total Fertility Rate by State** Births per woman for the 3 years prior to the survey Cross River Nigeria Rivers 5.5 lbom **South South** 3.9 4.3

#### **Contraceptive Use by State**

Percent of currently married women age 15-49 who are currently using any method of contraception



#### **Unmet Need for Family Planning by State**

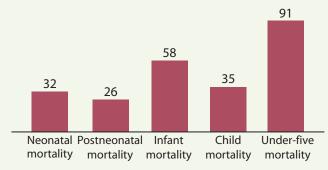
Percent of currently married women age 15-49 with unmet need for family planning



#### Vaccination Coverage by State Percent of children age 12-23 months vaccinated Edo Cross River 52% 51% Nigeria **Rivers** 25% Bavelsa Ibom **South South** 52% 48% 52%

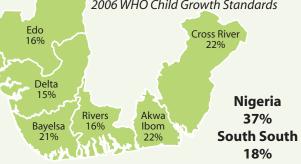
#### **Childhood Mortality in South South Zone**

Deaths per 1,000 live births for the 10-year period before the survey

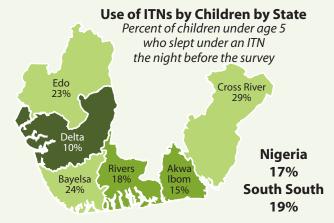


#### Stunting by State

Percent of children under age 5 who are stunted (too short for age), based on 2006 WHO Child Growth Standards





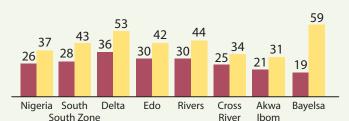


#### **Comprehensive Knowledge of HIV by State**

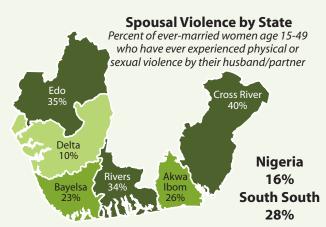
Percent of women and men age 15-49 with comprehensive knowledge of HIV

Men

Women



\*Compenensive knowledge of HIV means knowing that consistent use of condoms during sexual intercourse and having just open uninfected, faithful partner can reduce the chance of getting HIV, knowing that a healthy-looking person can have HIV, and rejecting the two most common local misconceptions about HIV transmission or prevention.





For additional information on the results of the 2013 Nigeria Demographic and Health Survey, please contact:

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The 2013 Nigeria Demographic and Health Survey (NDHS) was implemented by the National Population Commission (NPC). ICF International provided financial and technical assistance for the survey through USAID-funded MEASURE DHS program, which is designed to assist developing countries to collect data on fertility, family planning, and maternal and child health. Financial support for the survey was provided by USAID, the United Kingdom Department for International Development (DFID) through PATHS2, and the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA).









# 2013 Demographic and Health Survey

**Fact Sheet** 



### South South Zone