# ERRATA

National Institute of Public Health, National Institute of Statistics [Cambodia] and ORC Macro. 2006. *Cambodia Demographic and Health Survey 2005*. Phnom Penh, Cambodia and Calverton, Maryland, USA: National Institute of Public Health, National Institute of Statistics and ORC Macro.

Date of	
correction	Correction:
27 Apr.	Page 272, Table 20.6
2011	The data in three columns have been corrected: "Husband should not help with household chores", "Wife does not have the right to express her opinion", and "Mean number of statements with which there is disagreement". The
	corrected table is shown below in its entirety.
6 Nov.	Page 223, third paragraph, last sentence
2008	Change "7 injections" to "2 injections" and change "5 injections" to "1 injection". Sentence should now read: "The
2000	average number of injections received from a health provider was 2 injections among women and 1 injection
	among men."
	Page 224, Table 17.13
	The average number of medical injections had mistakenly calculated the average only among those who had an
	injection. Table 17.13 now correctly presents the average number of medical injections per year among all
	respondents. The corrected table is shown below in its entirety.
5 Nov.	Foods originally categorized in the "other" category have been re-categorized into foods made from
2008	beans/peas/nuts or into meat/fish/poultry/eggs, as appropriate. Corrections have also been made to the number of
	food groups the child and mother had eaten from in the day and night preceding the interview.
	These corrections have altered the data reported in Tables 15.5, 15.6, 15.8 15.11 and 15.13. Corrections to the text
	and tables are indicated below; corrections to the tables are indicated in red font. Page 175, Table 15.5
	The data in three columns have been corrected: "Food made from beans, peas, or nuts", "Meat, fish, poultry, and
	eggs", and "Any other solid or semi-solid food". The corrected table is shown below in its entirety.
	Page 176, second paragraph, last sentence
	Change "93 percent" to "96 percent" and change "77 percent" to "80 percent". Sentence should now read: "A
	larger percentage of non-breastfed children age 6-23 months are receiving meat, fish, poultry and eggs (96 percent)
	compared with breastfed children (80 percent) in this same age group."
	Page 176, last paragraph
	Change "71 percent" to "63 percent". Sentence should now read: "According to the results presented in Table 15.6,
	87 percent of youngest children age 6-23 months living with the mother received breast milk or other milk or milk
	products during the 24-hour period before the survey, 63 percent had a minimally diverse diet (i.e., they had been fed foods from the minimum number of food groups depending on their age and breastfeeding status), and 67
	percent had been fed the minimum number of times appropriate for their age."
	Page 177, Table 15.6
	The data in six columns have been corrected: "Among breastfed children 6-23 months, percentage fed: 3+ food
	groups", "Among breastfed children 6-23 months, percentage fed: Both 3+ food groups and minimum times or
	more", "Among nonbreastfed children 6-23 months, percentage fed: 4+ food groups", "Among nonbreastfed
	children 6-23 months, percentage fed: With 3 IYCF practices", "Among all children 6-23 months, percentage fed:
	3+ or 4+ food groups", and "Among all children 6-23 months, percentage fed: With all 3 IYCF practices". The
	corrected table is shown below in its entirety.
	<b>Page 178, Figure 15.5</b> Among breastfed children, change the percent not fed with all 3 IYCF practices from "43 percent" to "47 percent",
	and change the percent fed with all 3 IYCF practices from "57 percent to "53 percent". Among all children 6-23
	months, change the percent rot fed with all 3 IYCF practices from "57 percent" to "55 percent" and change the
	percent fed with all 3 IYCF practices from "49 percent" to "45 percent".
	Page 180, third paragraph, second sentence
	Change "87 percent" to "88 percent" Sentence should now read: "Table 15.8 shows that 88 percent of last-born
	children living with the mother consumed foods rich in vitamin A in the 24-hour period before the survey."
	Page 180, third paragraph, third sentence
	Change "97 percent" to "98 percent". Sentence should now read: "Consumption of foods rich in vitamin A
	increases from 43 percent among children age 6-8 months to 98 percent among children age 18-23 months." <b>Page 180, third paragraph</b>
	Delete sentence: "Urban children are nearly twice as likely to consume foods rich in vitamin A as rural children."
	Page 180, fourth paragraph
	Change "Eighty-four percent" to "Eighty-seven percent". Sentence should now read: "Eighty-seven percent of
	children consume foods rich in iron."

	Dame 101 Table 15.0
	Page 181, Table 15.8           The data in two columns have been corrected: "Last-born children age 6-35 months Percentage who consumed
	foods rich in vitamin A in past 24 hours", and "Last-born children age 6-35 months Percentage who consumed
	foods rich in iron in past 24 hours". The corrected table is shown below in its entirety.
	Page 186, second paragraph, first sentence
	Change "94 percent" to "98 percent". Sentence should now read: "Table 15.11 shows that the staple diet of mothers of young children in Cambodia consists of foods made from grains (99 percent), and meat, fish, shellfish, poultry, and eggs (98 percent)."
	Page 186, second paragraph, third sentence
	Change "10 percent" to "13 percent". Sentence should now read: "Smaller proportions of mothers consume milk or other milk products (6 percent) and foods made from beans, peas, or nuts (13 percent)."
	Page 187, Table 15.11
	The data in two columns have been corrected: "Foods made from beans, peas, or nuts", and "Meat/fish/shellfish/poultry/eggs". Delete the column "Any other solid or semisolid food". The corrected table is shown below in its entirety.
	Page 189, third paragraph, third sentence
	Change "97 percent" to "99 percent" and change "94 percent" to "98 percent". Sentence should now read: "The results indicate that 99 percent mothers of young children consumed vitamin A-rich fruits and vegetables and 98 percent mothers consumed iron-rich foods (i.e., meat, poultry, fish and eggs) in the 24 hours preceding the survey." <b>Page 189, third paragraph, last sentence</b>
	Delete "except in Mondol Kiri and Rattanak Kiri where only 70 percent of women consumed iron-rich foods compared with over 80-90 percent in other provinces." Sentence should now read: "In general the consumption of vitamin A and iron rich foods is high in Cambodian women with children and it does not vary much by background characteristics."
	Page 190, Table 15.13
	The data in two columns have been corrected: "Percentage consumed foods rich in vitamin A", and "Percentage consumed foods rich in iron". The corrected table is shown below in its entirety.
15 May	Page 34, second paragraph, line 4
2007	Beginning with "Urban residents who" delete text through the end of the paragraph. Replace with the following text: "Urban and rural residents seek a first, second, or third treatment in about equal proportion. Approximately nine in ten ill or injured people sought treatment, one in four went on for a second treatment, and one in ten went on for a third treatment."
	Page 190, first paragraph, first sentence
	Delete "who gave birth during the five-year period preceding the survey"
	Page 190, Table 15.13
	Column heading "Number of women" should read "Number of women with a child born in the past 5 years".
	Column heading "Number of women with a child born in the past 5 years" should read "Number of women in HHs with salt tested"
	Page 347, Table C.4, Calendar year column
	The years in the calendar year column should each be reduced by one year to read: "2005, 2004, 2003, 2002, 2001, 2000, 1999, 1998, 1997, 1996, 2001-2005, 1996-2000, 1991-1995, 1986-1990, <1986"
10 Oct.	Page 36, second paragraph under Expenditures for Health Care
2007	Second from last sentence in the paragraph to be corrected from: "dropping by almost 70 percent (from \$27.10 overall to \$18.62)." to: "dropping by 31 percent (from \$27.10 overall to \$18.62)."

Table 15.5 Foods and liquids consumed by children in the day or night preceding the interview

Percentage of youngest children under three years of age living with the mother who consumed specific types of foods in the day or night preceding the interview, by breastfeeding status and age, Cambodia 2005

						Solic	d or semis	olid foods	;					
								Food	Food		Any			
						Fruits	Other	made	made	Meat,	other	Food		
		Liquids			Food	and vege-	fruits	from	from	fish,	solid or	made		
		Liquius		Fortified	made	tables rich	and	roots	beans,	poultry,	semi-	with oil,		Number
Age in	Infant	Other	Other	baby	from	in vitamin	vege-	and	peas,	and	solid	fat, or	Sugary	of
months	formula	milk <sup>1</sup>	liquids <sup>2</sup>	foods	grains <sup>3</sup>	$A^4$	tables	tubers	or nuts	eggs	food	butter	foods	children
						BREASTFE	EDING CH	ILDREN						
0-1	4.1	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	205
2-3	4.5	2.7	0.0	2.2	4.7	2.3	1.5	1.1	1.1	3.0	2.1	2.6	1.7	263
4-5	4.8	2.6	0.3	3.4	17.3	1.5	1.3	0.0	0.0	5.2	2.1	0.0	4.7	244
6-8	2.6	2.5	7.2	16.0	76.0	22.2	8.8	6.2	2.2	40.7	13.4	8.2	20.8	379
9-11	5.2	1.7	7.9	14.0	94.3	49.7	23.9	8.8	9.2	78.5	24.3	14.2	37.4	352
12-17	4.1	3.9	13.9	14.9	97.3	56.8	28.0	12.6	13.5	93.1	26.0	23.7	49.7	645
18-23	1.3	3.0	21.9	11.6	97.3	66.3	30.9	16.9	15.8	94.4	28.8	27.0	55.2	428
24-35	1.8	3.6	16.0	13.6	98.6	64.2	30.1	12.3	10.2	95.3	28.6	29.5	58.2	253
6-23	3.3	3.0	13.2	14.2	92.3	50.4	23.9	11.5	10.8	79.6	29.7	19.4	42.5	1,804
Total	3.5	2.9	10.1	11.0	71.1	39.0	18.5	8.7	8.1	61.3	18.4	15.6	33.6	2,770
						NONBREAST	FEEDING	CHILDREN	I					
0-1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1
2-3	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	13
4-5	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	12
6-8	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	13
9-11	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	20
12-17	33.7	14.6	31.8	17.7	96.0	68.1	42.1	11.0	10.4	95.2	30.9	18.9	51.8	92
18-23	8.8	13.4	22.0	15.2	98.9	63.2	33.9	12.4	13.4	98.9	27.7	22.3	64.7	291
24-35	4.6	7.2	24.3	13.9	96.9	63.0	38.5	23.0	16.3	96.9	30.8	30.5	64.1	865
6-23	20.5	14.1	23.6	17.7	97.3	62.9	35.3	11.3	12.3	95.8	28.6	20.4	58.8	416
Total	11.1	9.4	23.6	15.0	95.5	61.7	36.8	18.8	14.7	94.6	29.5	26.6	61.3	1,308

Note: Breastfeeding status and food consumed refer to a 24-hour period (yesterday and the past night). An asterisk indicates that a figure is based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases and has been suppressed. <sup>1</sup> Other milk includes fresh, tinned, and powdered animal milk

<sup>2</sup> Does not include plain water

<sup>3</sup> Includes fortified baby food

<sup>4</sup> Includes pumpkin, orange or yellow squash, carrots, sweet potatoes, dark green leafy vegetables, mangoes, and papayas

Table 15.6 Infant and young child feeding (IYCF) practices

Percentage of youngest children age 6-23 months living with their mother who are fed according to three IYCF feeding practices based upon number of food groups and times they are fed during the day or night preceding the survey by breastfeeding status and background characteristics, Cambodia 2005

		ong breastf nonths, pei	rcentage fe											
			Both 3+ food groups					d children ntage fed:	6-23	Ar		children 6- rcentage fe		S,
Background characteristic	3+ food groups <sup>1</sup>	Minimum times or more <sup>2</sup>	and minimum times or more	of	Milk or milk products <sup>3</sup>	4+ food groups	4+ times or more	With 3 IYCF practices <sup>4</sup>	Number of children	Breast- milk or milk products <sup>3</sup>	3+ or 4+ food groups <sup>5</sup>	Minimum times or more <sup>6</sup>	With all 3 IYCF practices	of
Age														
6-8	29.4	70.3	28.2	379	*	*	*	*	13	100.0	30.2	69.0	27.7	393
9-11	61.4	56.4	42.7	352	*	*	*	*	20	99.6	61.8	54.5	41.6	371
12-17	76.7	74.7	61.4	645	46.1	69.6	40.0	20.8	92	93.3	75.8	70.4	56.3	737
18-23	80.8	80.5	69.6	428	20.3	51.6	51.4	8.8	291	67.7	68.9	68.7	45.0	719
Sex														
Male	65.9	72.5	53.8	924	34.7	56.6	45.6	13.1	206	88.1	64.2	67.6	46.4	1,130
Female	63.5	72.3	51.5	880	29.4	56.3	48.0	11.4	200	86.4	62.1	66.3	43.8	1,091
	05.5	70.7	51.5	000	23.4	50.5	40.0	11.4	210	00.4	02.1	00.5	45.0	1,001
Residence	70.1	70 -	E0 7	220	<b>F7 7</b>	71 /	40.0	10.0	00	071	70 5	67 1	46.2	210
Urban Rural	70.1 64.0	78.5 70.6	58.7 51.9	220 1,584	57.7 24.3	71.4 51.9	40.9 48.6	<mark>18.0</mark> 10.5	96 320	87.1 87.3	70.5 62.0	67.1 66.9	46.3 44.9	316 1,904
Ruidi	04.0	70.0	51.9	1,304	24.5	51.9	40.0	10.5	520	07.5	02.0	00.9	44.9	1,904
Province														
Banteay Mean Chey	44.8	58.7	31.0	83	(20.1)	(20.3)		(0.0)	22	83.4	39.7	51.9	24.6	105
Kampong Cham	60.9	76.6	56.6	214	(16.2)	(32.8)	(78.8)	(15.5)	72	78.9	53.8	77.2	46.2	286
Kampong Chhnang	75.1	75.3	59.6	75	*	*	*	*	16	85.1	72.3	68.4	49.5	91
Kampong Speu	61.1	75.3	50.7	119	*	*	*	*	19	90.9	62.0	69.1	45.2	139
Kampong Thom	59.8	61.4	40.1	102	(4.0)	(46.5)	(24.8)	(0.0)	23	82.0	57.3	54.6	32.6	125
Kandal	79.5	81.2	71.0	162	*	*	*	*	29	90.3	81.7	77.0	63.9	191
Kratie	78.8	76.3	66.4	40	*	*	*	*	7	87.6	77.7	71.7	56.8	48
Phnom Penh	65.6	69.8	55.1	99	(72.1)	(66.8)	(37.2)	(18.7)	81	87.4	66.2	55.1	38.7	180
Prey Veng	52.1	59.3	35.4	158	*	*	*	*	21	89.9	51.5	60.3	32.1	179
Pursat	68.7	74.1	55.6	58	*	*	*	*	5	92.9	66.6	72.0	51.5	63
Siem Reap	70.5	69.1	53.5	155	(27.0)	(70.2)	50.6)	(17.7)	40	85.2	70.5	65.3	46.2	195
•	58.4	59.7	40.3	55	(27.0)	(10.2)	(50.0)	(17.7)	5	96.3	59.5	58.0	38.7	60
Svay Rieng	64.6	69.1	40.3	109	*	*	*	*	13	92.3	62.4	64.1	42.6	121
Takeo					*	*	*	*		90.4				29
Otdar Mean Chey Battambang/	55.1	78.6	51.3	26					3	90.4	51.1	71.4	46.1	29
Krong Pailin	82.4	79.7	69.1	124	*	*	*	*	23	86.9	81.9	75.8	59.6	147
Kampot/Krong Kep Krong Preah Sihanouk/	74.0	87.7	69.3	89	*	*	*	*	11	92.7	71.5	84.7	63.8	100
Kaoh Kong	66.0	67.5	52.6	46	(44.8)	(59.4)	(12.1)	(0.0)	12	88.5	64.6	56.0	41.6	58
Preah Vihear/ Steung Treng	38.4	60.4	29.1	51	*	*	*	*	7	90.0	37.4	54.9	25.7	58
Mondol Kiri/ Rattanak Kiri	48.6	71.2	44.5	39	*	*	*	*	7	90.1	50.1	66.2	39.1	46
Mother's education														
No schooling	64.5	66.6	47.4	428	13.9	50.3	36.0	3.5	72	87.7	62.5	62.2	41.1	499
Primary	64.6	73.8	54.3	1,085	26.2	52.1	49.7	10.3	245	86.4	62.3	69.4	46.2	1,330
Secondary and higher	65.6	70.6	54.5	291	59.2	71.4	47.6	23.3	100	89.6	67.1	64.7	46.5	391
5		70.0	5-1.5	271	55.2	, <u>1</u> .4	ч7.U	23.3	100	05.0	07.1	04.7	-0.5	551
Wealth quintile		67.0	44.0	402	<i>C</i> <b>A</b>	40.0	26.2	1 1	07	040	FC 0	62.0	7	500
Lowest	60.0	67.0	44.9	493	6.4	40.0	36.2	1.1	97	84.6	56.8	62.0	37.7	590
Second	63.8	71.8	54.1	431	17.4	52.2	41.5	5.2	55	90.6	62.5	68.4	48.6	486
Middle	65.9	75.9	53.8	334	17.0	54.6	60.6	13.5	70	85.5	63.9	73.2	46.8	404
Fourth	73.2	72.4	60.3	299	30.3	51.6	59.7	18.7	68	87.1	69.2	70.1	52.6	367
Highest	63.8	73.6	55.1	247	67.3	74.6	42.7	19.7	126	88.9	67.5	63.1	43.2	374
Total	64.7	71.6	52.7	1,804	32.0	56.4	46.8	12.3	416	87.3	63.2	67.0	45.1	2,220

Note: Figures in parentheses are based on 25-49 unweighted cases. An asterisk indicates that a figure is based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases and has been suppressed. <sup>1</sup> Food groups: a. infant formula, milk other than breast milk or other milk products; b. foods made from grains, roots, and tubers, including porridge, fortified baby food from grains; c. fruits and vegetables rich in vitamin A; d. other fruits and vegetables; e. eggs; f. meat, poultry, fish, and shellfish (and organ meats); g. legumes and nuts; h. foods

grains; c. truts and vegetables rich in vitamin A, d. other truts and vegetables, e. eggs, it meet poordy, not and an end of the state of the state

# Table 15.8 Micronutrient intake among children

Percentage of youngest children age 6-35 months living with their mother who consumed foods rich in vitamin A and iron in the day or night preceding the survey, and percentage of children age 6-59 months who received vitamin A supplements in the six months preceding the survey, who received iron supplements in the past seven days, who received deworming medication in the six months preceding the survey, and who live in households using iodized salt, by background characteristics, Cambodia 2005

		st-born childrer Je 6-35 months		C	Children age 6	-59 months		Childrer 6-59 moi househol salt te	nths in ds with
Background characteristic	Percentage who consumed foods rich in vitamin A in past 24 hours <sup>1</sup>	Percentage who consumed foods rich in iron in past 24 hours <sup>2</sup>	Number of children	Percentage who received vitamin A	Percentage who received iron supple- ments in past 7 days	Percentage who received deworming medication in past 6 months <sup>3</sup>	Number of children	Percentage living in households using iodized salt <sup>4</sup>	Number of children
	21110015	21110015	erniaren	omonths	pust / uuys	0 months	ermaren	Iouized Suit	erniaren
Age in months 6-8	42.9	41.2	393	42.2	1.8	3.6	394	75.6	389
9-11	80.7	78.6	371	47.8	1.8	8.1	379	76.6	376
12-17	93.9	93.4	737	47.8	1.4	19.8	747	75.0	739
18-23	97.7	96.3	719	34.0	0.8	28.7	770	74.1	755
24-35	97.1	96.6	1,118	32.9	1.3	31.3	1,418	73.6	1,398
36-47	na	na	na	30.9	1.2	31.6	1,430	73.1	1,408
48-59	na	na	na	30.9	1.2	31.0	1,389	73.1	1,408
	na	na	na	50.0	1.2	51.0	1,505	71.0	1,500
Sex									
Male	88.1	87.0	1,704	33.9	1.1	27.3	3,241	72.8	3,192
Female	88.5	87.5	1,635	35.1	1.3	26.1	3,286	74.1	3,240
Breastfeeding status									
Breastfeeding	82.9	81.5	2,057	41.6	1.4	18.2	2,193	72.7	2,163
Not breastfeeding	97.1	96.5	1,278	31.1	1.1	31.0	4,293	74.0	4,228
Missing	100.0	100.0	3	15.5	5.7	26.3	41	59.1	40
Residence									
Urban	89.7	89.1	474	32.5	1.0	26.3	929	84.7	905
Rural	89.7	89.1	2,864	34.9	1.0	26.5	929 5,598	71.6	903 5,526
	00.1	87.0	2,004	54.5	1.5	20.7	3,390	/1.0	5,520
Province									
Banteay Mean Chey	82.1	80.6	149	44.4	0.0	31.0	287	66.6	283
Kampong Cham	84.3	83.4	421	11.4	0.0	22.7	785	82.6	773
Kampong Chhnang	89.9	89.9	120	26.2	1.3	20.2	260	84.1	256
Kampong Speu	90.3	86.0	203	34.1	0.0	33.6	403	71.1	396
Kampong Thom	86.3	84.1	182	44.4	3.0	24.3	333	78.0	328
Kandal	90.9	90.9	299	44.9	1.7	33.7	569	75.0	560
Kratie	92.6	92.3	75	28.4	0.3	16.9	155	89.2	148
Phnom Penh	87.1	87.1	262	26.1	0.6	21.2	528	90.0	510
Prey Veng	88.1	88.1	265	44.5	2.4	38.7	511	46.4	504
Pursat	88.3	87.1	88	44.4	10.6	39.2	182	89.8	180
Siem Reap	90.8	88.9	284	40.0	1.1	14.0	565	81.6	565
Svay Rieng	89.5	87.6	106	27.1	1.7	28.6	211	15.8	211
Takeo	90.4	90.4	205	49.5	0.1	15.0	419	73.7	413
Otdar Mean Chey	85.2	83.2	41	37.1	3.7	23.2	82	84.8	81
Battambang/Krong Pailin	93.5	93.5	232	53.9	0.3	47.2	434	91.5	432
Kampot/Krong Kep Krong Preah Sihanouk/ Kaoh Kong	92.8 85.8	92.8 83.0	164 85	13.9 46.4	0.0 3.4	21.6 38.5	331 171	36.1 82.1	329 168
Preah Vihear/Steung Treng	83.6	82.8	93	18.5	0.4	19.9	171	84.2	168
Mondol Kiri/Rattanak Kiri	83.6 78.1	82.8 71.4	93 65	18.5 19.4	0.4 1.1	19.9 5.8	170	84.2 61.0	168
	70.1	/ 1.4	00	1.7.4	1.1	5.0	192	01.0	120
Mother's education	00.5	07.5	-	20.5					
No schooling	89.3	87.6	762	30.2	1.0	21.4	1,560	70.1	1,530
Primary	88.0	86.9	1,984	35.9	1.2	27.2	3,850	72.0	3,788
Secondary and higher	88.4	88.1	593	35.8	1.6	32.0	1,118	83.2	1,114

### Table 15.8—Continued

Percentage of youngest children age 6-35 months living with their mother who consumed foods rich in vitamin A and iron in the day or night preceding the survey, and percentage of children age 6-59 months who received vitamin A supplements in the six months preceding the survey, who received iron supplements in the past seven days, who received deworming medication in the six months preceding the survey, and who live in households using iodized salt, by background characteristics, Cambodia 2005

		t-born children e 6-35 months			Children age 6	5-59 months		Childre 6-59 mo househol salt te	nths in lds with
Background characteristic	Percentage who consumed foods rich in vitamin A in past 24 hours <sup>1</sup>	Percentage who consumed foods rich in iron in past 24 hours <sup>2</sup>	Number of children	Percentage who received vitamin A supplements in past 6 months	Percentage who received iron supple- ments in past 7 days	Percentage who received deworming medication in past 6 months <sup>3</sup>	Number of children	Percentage living in households using iodized salt <sup>4</sup>	Number of children
Mother's age at birth									
15-19	89.2	88.3	318	31.9	0.7	25.4	707	71.9	697
20-29	87.7	86.6	1,740	35.4	1.2	27.2	3,395	73.3	3,342
30-39	89.1	88.0	1,091	34.2	1.5	26.3	2,103	73.6	2,075
40-49	88.0	87.7	189	33.0	1.7	26.5	323	77.8	318
Wealth quintile									
Lowest	87.9	86.9	876	31.5	0.7	22.1	1,756	65.1	1,715
Second	87.5	85.5	732	36.4	1.7	25.4	1,486	67.5	1,469
Middle	90.3	89.3	593	36.4	1.7	27.1	1,134	73.6	1,125
Fourth	90.2	89.7	574	38.2	1.3	31.3	1,053	79.9	1,043
Highest	86.1	85.7	564	31.3	0.8	30.8	1,099	88.5	1,079
Total	88.3	87.3	3,338	34.5	1.2	26.7	6,527	73.5	6,432

Note: Information on vitamin A and iron supplements and deworming medication is based on the mother's recall.

na = Not applicable <sup>1</sup> Includes meat (and organ meat), fish, poultry, eggs, pumpkin, orange or yellow squash, carrots, sweet potatoes, dark green leafy vegetables, mango, <sup>2</sup> Includes meat, (including organ meat), fish, poultry, and eggs <sup>3</sup> Deworming for intestinal parasites is commonly done for helminthes and for schistosomiasis. <sup>4</sup> Excludes children in households in which salt was not tested

## Table 15.11 Foods consumed by mothers in the day or night preceding the interview

Among mothers age 15-49 with a child under age three years living with them, the percentage who consumed specific types of foods in the day or night preceding the interview, by background characteristics, Cambodia 2005

Background characteristic	Foods made from grains	Foods made from roots/ tubers	Foods made from beans, peas, or nuts	Meat/ fish/ shellfish/ poultry/ eggs	Milk/ milk products	Foods rich in vitamin A/ fruits/ vege- tables <sup>1</sup>	Other fruits/ vege- tables	Foods made with oil/ fat/ butter	Sugary foods	Tea/ coffee	Other liquids	Number of women
Age												
15-19	98.2	15.1	8.1	98.1	6.7	74.8	41.5	28.0	30.3	9.4	14.7	174
20-29	98.5	23.3	13.5	97.9	7.1	77.1	39.6	30.2	32.2	10.3	14.8	2,154
30-39	99.0	21.4	13.5	97.6	3.8	77.0	41.5	32.6	28.3	11.2	11.9	1,406
40-49	98.3	22.4	15.1	96.6	4.0	79.5	41.5	31.0	30.3	10.4	13.2	343
Residence												
Urban	97.3	21.2	11.3	97.1	9.4	84.6	54.8	38.9	37.3	18.4	20.2	582
Rural	98.8	22.4	13.7	97.8	5.1	76.0	38.1	29.7	29.6	9.2	12.6	3,495
Province												
Banteay Mean Chey	99.5	9.3	3.3	97.4	0.8	63.6	27.7	9.1	21.0	1.8	6.9	178
Kampong Cham	98.9	13.3	9.2	95.7	6.4	69.2	29.3	23.1	20.5	4.6	12.1	516
Kampong Chhnang	98.8	31.8	26.6	99.5	5.2	81.2	34.7	50.3	43.2	6.4	9.8	152
Kampong Speu	99.6	22.7	15.7	98.7	3.9	72.2	38.6	27.1	22.8	4.3	7.8	233
Kampong Thom	98.6	17.4	15.1	97.2	7.4	69.4	54.9	28.6	26.2	6.2	5.6	218
Kandal	99.0	21.6	40.1	98.4	10.8	88.8	64.7	42.8	52.5	31.8	31.4	365
Kratie	99.6	23.2	13.1	99.6	7.8	75.5	45.3	60.9	32.7	8.8	10.6	97
Phnom Penh	96.7	14.7	6.4	96.7	9.6	78.2	58.1	30.0	35.3	19.1	15.4	332
Prey Veng	99.4	25.1	8.0	100.0	2.3	72.3	40.2	32.0	17.1	12.6	6.7	316
Pursat	99.5	56.4	8.1	100.0	4.1	95.7	18.3	31.5	68.0	6.0	37.2	112
Siem Reap	96.1	27.9	13.3	98.4	6.4	82.9	42.9	23.6	37.1	10.1	15.9	344
Svay Rieng	98.2	21.3	9.3	97.2	4.2	73.7	20.0	12.8	17.7	4.6	2.1	130
Takeo	99.5	12.3	12.5	99.5	2.5	66.1	33.3	17.8	22.7	8.8	6.3	247
Otdar Mean Chey	99.5	12.2	3.2	93.1	1.7	69.8	15.5	0.9	16.8	3.3	1.5	51
Battambang/	55.5		0.2	55.2		0510	20.0	0.5	20.0	0.0	2.0	51
Krong Pailin	98.6	19.3	10.8	98.2	5.2	86.5	59.1	76.7	39.5	5.4	10.9	287
Kampot/Krong Kep	98.7	44.4	6.3	99.5	2.2	90.2	23.0	18.3	33.8	4.7	23.3	196
Krong Preah Sihanouk/Kaoh Kong	98.5	38.9	20.8	96.7	14.0	87.1	46.7	51.3	37.3	32.3	36.2	104
Preah Vihear/												
Steung Treng	99.6	18.7	5.1	96.8	1.3	63.2	13.4	7.1	16.6	6.8	5.5	117
Mondol Kiri/	097	21.0	70	04.0	4.0	00.0	21.2	20.0	0.0	F 0	2.2	80
Rattanak Kiri	98.7	31.6	7.6	84.8	4.0	88.0	31.3	20.0	8.8	5.8	3.2	80
Education		~			- <b>-</b>		22.6	26.0				
No schooling	98.2	24.4	9.7	96.4	2.7	73.8	32.6	26.9	25.5	5.4	9.6	929
Primary	98.8	21.5	13.3	98.0	4.5	77.3	39.1	31.0	31.9	9.8	12.9	2,420
Secondary and higher	98.6	21.9	18.3	98.4	13.5	81.2	55.2	36.6	33.1	19.5	21.3	728
Wealth quintile												
Lowest	98.5	21.6	9.9	97.4	2.7	72.1	30.4	25.8	25.3	4.9	5.8	1,063
Second	98.9	21.5	12.0	97.5	2.5	75.1	32.2	27.6	27.4	5.2	10.9	891
Middle	99.3	25.3	13.9	97.8	4.0	76.7	40.2	31.2	32.4	7.0	14.2	734
Fourth	98.9	21.6	18.1	98.6	5.7	81.3	46.2	35.8	33.0	15.6	17.7	697
Highest	97.5	21.8	15.3	97.3	16.1	84.0	61.3	38.6	38.9	24.8	24.6	693
Total	98.6	22.3	13.4	97.7	5.7	77.2	40.5	31.0	30.7	10.6	13.7	4,078

#### Table 15.13 Micronutrient intake among mothers

Among women age 15-49 with a child under three years living with them, the percentage who consumed foods rich in vitamin A and iron in the 24 hours preceding the survey; the percentage of women with a child born in the past five years who received a vitamin A dose in the first two months after the birth of the last child; the percentage of mothers who during the pregnancy of the last child born in the five years prior to the survey suffered from night blindness, the percentage who took iron tablets or syrup for specific numbers of days, and the percentage who took deworming medication; and the percentage of women with a child born in the past five years who live in households using iodized salt, by background characteristics, Cambodia 2005

	rich ir iron i	mption of n vitamin n the 24 l	A and hours			For the	last ch	ild bo	rn in th	ne past	5 years				Number of
	amon	ding the s g women hild unde hree year	with a er	Percent-								Percent- age of women who		Percent-	women in house-
	Percent- age con- sumed foods	Percent- age con- sumed	Number of women with a	age of women who received vitamin	wome suffere	ntage of en who ed night				s wome syrup d ancy		took deworm- ing medi- cation	Number of women with a child	age of women in house- holds	with salt tested <del>with a</del> <del>child</del>
Background	rich in vitamin	foods rich in	child under	A dose post-	preg	ss during nancy			60-		Don't know/	during preg-	born in the past	using iodized	<del>born in</del> <del>the past</del>
characteristic	A <sup>1</sup>	iron <sup>2</sup>	3 years	partum³	Reported	Adjusted <sup>4</sup>	None	<60	89	90+	missing	nancy⁵	5 years	salt⁵	5 years
Mother's age															
15-19	98.8	98.1	174	25.9	5.9	1.8	34.0	33.5	10.9	19.9	1.6	14.4	186	75.1	3,574
20-29	98.4	97.9	2,154	29.3	6.3	2.0	31.3	32.2	9.7	20.6	6.2	11.8	2,783	75.3	5,045
30-39	98.5	97.6	1,406	26.4	8.8	2.1	39.8	29.8	8.5	15.9	6.0	9.7	2,180	74.1	4,256
40-49	98.6	96.6	343	22.1	13.1	3.9	49.9	27.7	7.6	10.6	4.1	8.1	715	73.1	3,768
Residence	07.2	07.1	500	22 5	2.0	1 2	20.0	207	11 1	17.0	11 5	14.2	0.27	00.0	2 0 2 7
Urban	97.3	97.1	582	23.5	3.6	1.3	28.8	30.7	11.1	17.9	11.5	14.3	827	86.6	2,927
Rural	98.7	97.8	3,495	27.9	8.7	2.4	38.1	30.9	8.7	17.6	4.8	10.1	5,039	71.9	13,716
Province Banteay Mean Chey	99.5	97.4	178	25.1	9.7	1.8	38.1	20.9	7.9	22.9	10.2	3.1	256	69.9	643
Kampong Cham Kampong	96.7	95.7	516	25.7	7.6	3.8	45.5	35.3	4.0	6.2	9.0	4.1	738	83.9	2,096
Chhnang	99.5	99.5	152	30.6	9.9	2.8	23.4	47.7	7.9	16.6	4.3	6.8	218	84.0	552
Kampong Speu	100.0	98.7	233	22.4	7.0	2.0	46.1	20.6	10.7	16.0	6.7	16.5	335	73.6	855
Kampong Thom	98.0	97.2	218	33.5	19.6	4.7	43.0	45.3	3.4	6.5	1.8	8.2	300	81.2	793
Kandal	99.0	98.4	365	30.4	7.6	2.1	39.5	43.1	4.1	11.9	1.3	12.6	531	70.2	1,589
Kratie	99.6	99.6	97	28.2	4.7	0.9	55.6	19.3	5.5	12.5	7.0	13.5	137	91.5	322
Phnom Penh	96.7	96.7	332	6.4	1.4	0.7	26.4	27.8	10.9	16.0	19.0	13.3	476	92.1	1,870
Prey Veng	100.0	100.0	316	46.4	12.8	4.0		21.5	18.3	28.1	0.3	13.2	485	48.0	1,377
Pursat	100.0	100.0	112	63.3	6.8	1.2	12.5	21.9	12.6	53.0	0.0	16.8	167	90.0	477
Siem Reap	98.4	98.4	344	31.8	8.6	1.6	39.1		12.6	18.4	0.5	3.9	472	82.1	1,195
Svay Rieng	100.0	97.2	130	19.9	3.8	2.6	19.1	22.0 34.9	19.6 11.6	39.3	0.0	9.6 7 1	202	17.5	654
Takeo	99.5 93.9	99.5 93.1	247 51	27.1 17.3	0.5 8.2	0.5 0.9	20.2 49.8	34.9 26.8	7.4	18.9 15.6	14.4 0.3	7.1 15.3	372 76	75.3 83.4	1,094 177
Otdar Mean Chey Battambang/ Krong Pailin	98.6	98.2	287	28.7	10.9	0.9		47.0	7.4	21.9	0.0	16.4	404	91.7	1,245
Kampot/															
Krong Kep Krong Preah	99.5	99.5	196	21.7	5.4	2.6	40.2	20.4	11.0	26.7	1.7	23.7	290	38.3	829
Sihanouk/ Kaoh Kong Preah Vihear/	98.5	96.7	104	19.6	3.6	1.1	53.5		4.8	10.0	20.2	20.3	146	83.6	373
Steung Treng	96.8	96.8	117	9.3	16.9	4.8	63.6	24.0	3.9	5.2	3.3	4.1	153	85.2	298
Mondol Kiri/ Rattanak Kiri	96.0	84.8	80	14.9	9.8	2.2	77.8	19.3	0.3	1.5	1.2	3.7	107	65.0	204
Education	00.2	06.4	020	22.0	17.7	2.2	<b>F</b> 2 2	25.2	7 2	121	2.2	<b>C</b> 1	1 250	71.0	2 207
No schooling Primary Socondany and	98.3 98.6	96.4 98.0	929 2,420	22.0 27.9	12.3 8.0	3.3 2.3	52.3 35.6	25.2 31.9	7.2 9.6	12.1 16.9	3.2 6.0	6.1 10.7	1,356 3,482	71.9 72.5	3,207 9,302
Secondary and higher	98.4	98.4	728	32.2	2.6	0.7	20.6	34.5	9.3	27.4	8.2	16.5	1,028	80.8	4,135
Wealth quintile Lowest	98.6	97.4	1,063	24.2	11.9	3.9	49.2	26 E	7.8	14.0	2.4	5.7	1,477	66.8	2,961
Second	98.6 98.7	97.4 97.5	1,063 891	24.2 27.5	10.1	3.9 2.8	49.2 40.3		7.8 8.7	14.0 19.4	2.4 4.0	5.7 8.8	1,477 1,320	65.9	2,961 3,125
Middle	98.7 98.9	97.5 97.8	734	27.5 32.0	7.5	2.8 1.8	40.3 36.1		8.7 9.7	19.4 17.0	4.0 5.3	8.8 10.8	1,320	65.9 71.3	3,125 3,226
Fourth	98.9 98.9	97.8	697	29.3	7.5 5.4	1.8	29.3		9.7 8.9	18.9	5.5 6.4	15.1	1,003	76.4	3,220
Highest	98.9 97.3	98.0 97.3	693	29.5	2.8	0.8		30.5 34.7	8.9 10.7	20.0	12.7	15.9	988	87.7	4,052
Total	98.5	97.7	4,078	27.3	8.0	2.2	36.8	30.8	9.0	17.6	5.7	10.7	5,865	74.5	16,644

<sup>1</sup> Includes meat (and organ meat), fish, poultry, eggs, pumpkin, orange or yellow squash, carrots, sweet potatoes, mango, and papaya <sup>2</sup> Includes meat (and organ meat), fish, poultry, eggs

<sup>3</sup> In the first two months after delivery

<sup>4</sup> Women who reported night blindness but did not report difficulty with vision during the day

<sup>5</sup> Deworming for intestinal parasites is commonly done for helminthes and for schistosomiasis
 <sup>6</sup> Excludes women in households where salt was not tested

# Table 17.13 Prevalence of medical injections

Percentage of women and men age 15-49 who received at least one medical injection in the last 12 months, the average number of medical injections per person in the last 12 months, and among those who received a medical injection, the percentage of last medical injections for which the syringe and needle were taken from a new, unopened package, by background characteristics, Cambodia 2005

			Women					Men		
Background characteristic	Percentage who received a medical injection in the past 12 months	Average number of medical injections per person in the past 12 months	Number of women	For last injection, syringe and needle taken from a new, unopened package	Number of women receiving medical injections in the past 12 months	Percentage who received a medical injection in	Average number of medical injections per person in the past 12 months		For last injection, syringe and needle taken from a new, unopened package	Number of men receiving medical injections in the past 12 months
Age										
15-24	34.3	1.7	6,646	98.0	2,283	28.1	1.1	2,884	96.7	812
15-19	30.5	1.7	3,601	97.6	1,099	28.2	0.8	2,884 1,662	96.9	469
20-24	38.9	2.4	3,001	98.3	1,099	28.2	1.5	1,002	96.5	343
25-29	39.0	2.4	2,051	98.5 98.0	799	26.9	1.5	830	90.5 94.8	223
30-39	39.0 37.7	2.0				26.9 27.9				465
			4,311	97.9	1,627		1.3	1,669	96.1	
40-49	34.4	2.8	3,815	97.4	1,313	30.8	2.1	1,348	97.0	415
Residence										
Urban	32.0	2.3	2,973	97.6	951	26.0	1.5	1,133	97.3	295
Rural	36.6	2.3	13,850	97.9	5,072	28.9	1.4	5,598	96.2	1,620
Province										
Banteay Mean Chey	37.7	2.3	650	98.1	245	26.9	1.8	253	100.0	68
Kampong Cham	37.7	2.3	2,116	98.1 98.3	245 788	26.9 44.0	1.8	253 870	92.5	383
	27.8	2.7	2,116	98.3 97.3	788 154	44.0 17.1	1.1	234	92.5 93.9	383 40
Kampong Chhnang		2.9 2.0	556 870	97.3 95.4	154 390	24.2	1.1 0.7	234 348	93.9 97.7	40 84
Kampong Speu Kampong Thom	44.8 43.7	2.0 2.6	870 799	95.4 96.9	390 349	24.2 13.1		348 331		84 43
1 5							0.8		(98.8) 97.2	43 229
Kandal Kratie	31.7 38.1	3.2 1.7	1,612	100.0 98.9	511 126	33.6 9.3	2.6	682 128		229 12
			331				0.6		(89.3)	
Phnom Penh	31.9	2.8	1,896	99.1 06.2	605	25.7	1.4	737	97.8	189
Prey Veng	31.8	2.2	1,395	96.2	443	24.0	2.0	482	100.0	116
Pursat	33.8	1.5	480	98.7	162	33.6	2.5	202	93.2	68
Siem Reap	39.9	1.3	1,200	97.9	479	29.3	0.8	461	98.1	135
Svay Rieng	48.6	3.0	658	98.7	319	30.5	1.8	281	97.9	86
Takeo	49.4	2.7	1,102	98.8	544	29.9	1.3	491	97.3	147
Otdar Mean Chey	60.1	1.6	177	99.6	107	36.8	1.7	69	94.0	25
Battambang/Krong Pailin	30.8	1.9	1,247	98.0	384	31.8	1.4	456	97.8	145
Kampot/Krong Kep Krong Preah Sihanouk/	24.9	1.2	839	95.6	209	21.3	1.1	321	93.6	68
Kaoh Kong	19.1	1.9	379	84.3	72	25.4	0.7	160	97.9	41
Preah Vihear/Steung Treng	33.5	1.2	301	96.3	101	15.3	0.4	116	100.0	18
Mondol Kiri/Rattanak Kiri	15.7	0.7	215	98.0	34	16.4	0.9	110	95.0	18
Education										
No schooling	32.4	2.1	3,270	96.7	1,061	24.9	1.1	606	93.2	151
Primary	37.1	2.3	9,389	98.0	3,482	27.3	1.3	3,261	95.4	890
Secondary and higher	35.5	2.6	4,165	98.2	1,480	30.5	1.6	2,865	98.0	874
, ,	-			-						
Wealth quintile	25.6	1.0	2 017	07 4	1 075	24.6	1.0	1 070	05.4	205
Lowest	35.6	1.9	3,017	97.4	1,075	24.6	1.0	1,078	95.4	265
Second	35.9	1.9	3,164	97.0	1,136	25.9	1.2	1,218	96.8	316
Middle	38.1	2.2	3,245	98.1	1,237	30.2	1.4	1,351	95.8	408
Fourth	35.7	2.5	3,308	98.3	1,180	31.9	1.4	1,468	96.1	468
Highest	34.1	2.9	4,089	98.1	1,394	28.4	1.9	1,616	97.5	459
	35.8	2.3	16,823	97.8	6,022	28.5	1.4	6,731	96.4	1,915

# Table 20.6 Gender-related attitudes

Percentage of women who disagree (reflecting gender-egalitarian ideas) with specific statements about gender-based roles, by background characteristics, Cambodia 2005

			Percent of w	omen who dis	agree with the	statement:			
Background	Important decisions should be made by	Husband should not help with household	Married women should not be allowed	Wife does not have the right to express her	Acceptable for a man to have extramarital	Wife should tolerate beatings to keep family		Number of	Mean number of statements with which there is
characteristic	men	chores	to work	opinion	sex	together	daughters	women	disagreement
Age									
15-19	59.7	94.4	61.0	85.2	85.8	89.4	65.3	925	5.4
20-29	51.7	96.9	61.1	89.1	89.7	89.4	56.5	1,287	5.3
30-39	49.5	97.9	54.3	88.9	90.6	89.2	50.3	1,065	5.2
40-49	51.7	96.6	56.3	88.4	89.4	90.1	49.2	924	5.2
Marital status									
Never-married	59.0	94.5	62.9	86.5	85.0	89.1	63.3	1,368	5.4
Married	48.5	97.7	55.9	88.8	91.5	89.5	50.8	2,508	5.2
Divorced or separated	63.2	95.0	61.7	90.2	92.1	94.8	54.9	172	5.5
Widowed	60.0	98.2	52.3	85.9	79.2	87.9	56.8	153	5.2
Number of living children									
0	59.0	94.7	62.8	86.6	85.6	89.7	62.3	1,589	5.4
1-2	48.0	98.1	57.3	89.2	92.4	90.5	53.0	1,178	5.3
3-4	51.5	98.2	54.1	89.8	89.9	87.9	50.7	858	5.2
5+	48.5	95.9	54.3	86.8	89.9	89.7	47.3	576	5.1
Residence									
Urban	56.7	96.2	70.7	86.9	86.0	90.7	58.9	752	5.5
Rural	52.1	96.6	55.6	88.2	89.6	89.3	54.5	3,449	5.3
Province									
Banteay Mean Chey	21.9	94.2	60.7	84.1	94.1	94.0	36.2	156	4.9
Kampong Cham	55.6	95.5	36.7	87.7	64.1	83.7	54.1	557	4.8
Kampong Chhnang	76.5	98.8	73.5	97.4	94.9	89.3	61.5	140	5.9
Kampong Speu	59.5	98.0	64.7	86.3	90.4	78.1	54.3	216	5.3
Kampong Thom	83.6	96.3	42.5	89.1	96.1	95.2	57.2	197	5.6
Kandal	51.1	99.0	70.9	99.6	95.3	97.6	54.7	409	5.7
Kratie	51.5	93.2	58.7	75.5	95.2	91.4	55.0	76	5.2
Phnom Penh	53.1	99.7	84.5	91.6	90.5	97.7	55.9	480	5.7
Prey Veng	51.0	95.4	66.5	79.9	95.7	88.3	73.7	331	5.5
Pursat	78.3	86.7	58.1	79.1	93.3	92.5	64.1	115	5.5
Siem Reap	40.7	97.0	55.3	90.1	91.8	86.5	53.3	327	5.1
Svay Rieng	26.6	98.4	58.5	93.1	96.6	77.5	55.9	153	5.1
Takeo	58.9	97.2	64.6	94.4	95.1	95.2	48.4	260	5.5
Otdar Mean Chey	99.2	99.3	99.1	1.3	100.0	99.6	99.9	48	6.0
Battambang/Krong Pailin	52.0	99.4	37.6	89.6	93.5	92.0	61.3	287	5.3
Kampot/Krong Kep	50.0	97.1	53.3	91.0	92.8	87.7	46.4	228	5.2
Krong Preah Sihanouk/									
Kaoh Kong	45.5	78.4	37.2	72.7	57.5	61.4	42.4	91	4.0
Preah Vihear/ Steung									
Treng	28.1	94.6	45.0	84.5	97.1	92.7	24.4	83	4.7
Mondol Kiri/Rattanak Kiri	31.5	91.3	22.3	76.2	83.7	79.3	45.8	48	4.3
Education									
No education	47.6	94.9	47.2	84.1	88.2	87.1	47.5	801	5.0
Primary	49.3	96.9	55.1	87.3	89.4	88.3	51.1	2,322	5.2
Secondary or more	64.8	97.0	73.4	92.4	88.6	94.1	70.0	1,079	5.8
Current employment									
Employed for cash	51.8	96.9	61.3	91.1	87.3	90.3	53.2	1,720	5.3
Employed not for cash	52.5	96.2	54.8	86.8	90.4	89.6	54.1	983	5.2
Not employed	54.5	96.4	57.2	85.2	89.9	88.7	58.4	1,499	5.3
Total	52.9	96.5	58.3	88.0	89.0	89.5	55.3	4,201	5.3

# Table C.4 Births by calendar year

Number of births, percentage with complete birth date, sex ratio at birth, and calendar year ratio by calendar year, according to living (L), dead (D), and total (T) children (weighted), Cambodia 2005

Calendar	Nu	mber of k	oirths		ige with co birth date <sup>1</sup>	omplete	Sex	ratio at bi	rth <sup>2</sup>	Cale	ndar year	ratio <sup>3</sup>
year <sup>1</sup>	L	D	Т	L	D	Т	L	D	Т	L	Ď	Т
2005	1,449	61	1,510	100.0	99.0	99.9	94.1	233.0	97.4	na	na	na
2004	1,454	87	1,541	99.8	98.9	99.8	107.0	159.8	109.4	na	na	na
2003	1,469	114	1,583	99.7	97.6	99.6	102.8	146.2	105.4	102.1	122.9	103.4
2002	1,422	99	1,521	99.8	93.0	99.4	89.5	111.5	90.8	99.9	70.5	97.3
2001	1,378	166	1,544	99.9	97.9	99.6	95.6	124.3	98.3	92.1	111.9	93.9
2000	1,569	198	1,766	99.4	94.6	98.9	108.1	116.7	109.0	108.9	92.1	106.7
1999	1,504	263	1,768	99.2	94.1	98.5	93.7	93.1	93.6	99.4	118.4	101.9
1998	1,457	247	1,704	99.3	92.0	98.2	110.6	123.7	112.5	98.3	107.7	99.6
1997	1,460	196	1,656	99.3	92.1	98.5	92.2	140.7	96.8	98.5	82.0	96.2
1996	1,507	230	1,737	98.7	95.3	98.3	105.6	110.3	106.2	96.2	112.0	98.0
2001-2005	7,173	527	7,700	99.8	97.2	99.7	97.7	140.8	100.1	na	na	na
1996-2000	7,497	1,134	8,631	99.2	93.6	98.5	101.8	114.4	103.4	na	na	na
1991-1995	8,042	1,205	9,247	99.1	92.4	98.2	98.7	119.2	101.2	na	na	na
1986-1990	5,971	994	6,966	98.7	91.3	97.6	103.7	114.4	105.2	na	na	na
<1986	5,100	1,122	6,221	98.4	93.3	97.5	100.1	120.1	103.5	na	na	na
All	33,783	4,981	38,764	99.1	93.2	98.3	100.3	119.4	102.5	na	na	na

 $^{2}$  (B<sub>m</sub>/B<sub>f</sub>)x100, where B<sub>m</sub> and B<sub>f</sub> are the numbers of male and female births, respectively  $^{3}$  [2B<sub>x</sub>/(B<sub>x-1</sub>+B<sub>x+1</sub>)]x100, where B<sub>x</sub> is the number of births in calendar year x

All corrections have been made to the electronic version of the report available at:

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