

2016 Demographic and Health Survey

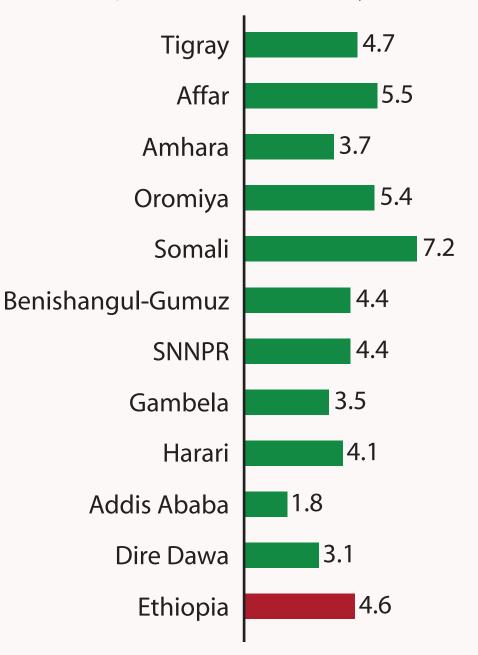
Fertility and Family Planning

Women in Ethiopia have an average of 4.6 children. Fertility has declined from 5.5 children per women in 2000.

Trends in Total Fertility Rate Births per woman for the three-year period before the survey Regionally, fertility ranges from 1.8 children per woman in Addis Ababa to 7.2 children per woman in Somali.

Total Fertility Rate by Region

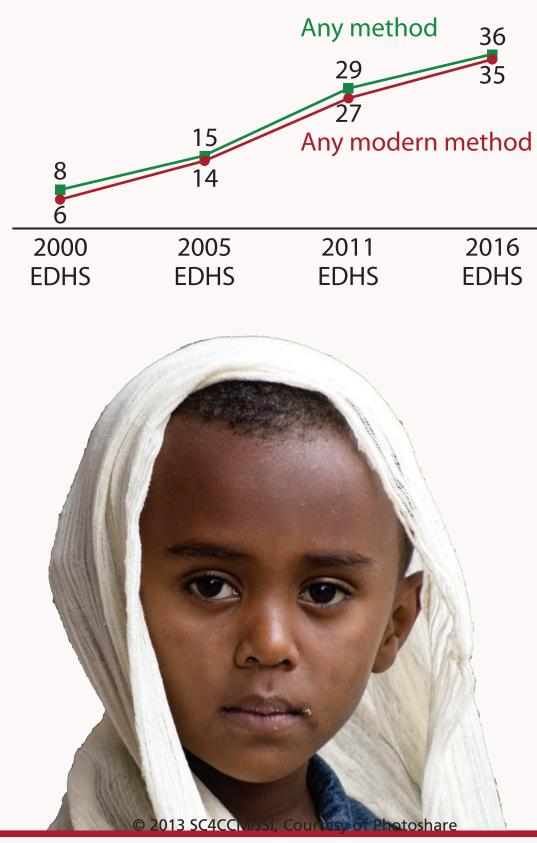
Births per woman for the three-year period before the survey



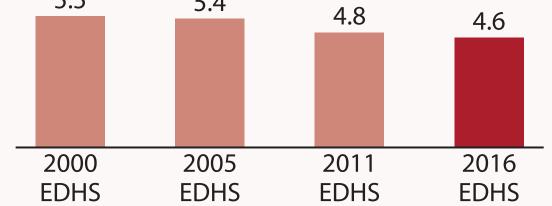
Use of modern family planning methods among married women has improved fivefold from 6% in 2000 to 35% in 2016.

Trends in Family Planning Use

Percent of married women age 15-49 using family planning



5.5 5.4



Maternal and Child Health

More Ethiopian women are receiving antenatal care (ANC) from a skilled provider since 2000. Health facility deliveries have more than doubled from 10% in 2011 to 26% in 2016. Childhood mortality rates have declined since 2000. I in 15 Ethiopian children does not survive to their 5th birthday.

Trends in Childhood Mortality

Deaths per 1,000 live births for the five-year period before the survey 166 Under-5 mortality 123 Infant mortality Children's nutritional status has improved since 2000. Currently, 38% of children under 5 are stunted, 24% are underweight, and 10% are wasted.

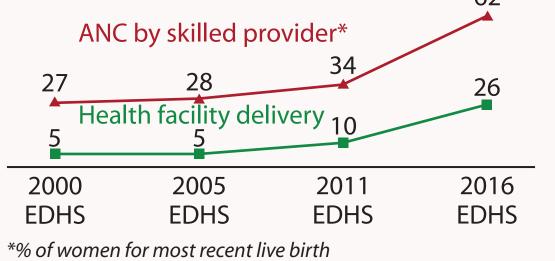
Trends in Childhood's Nutritional Status

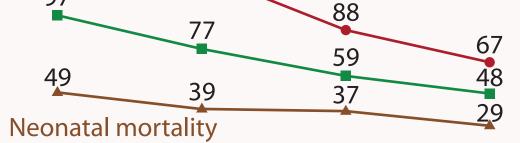
Percent of children under five, based on 2006 WHO Child Growth Standards

Stunted

Trends in Maternal Health Care *Percent of live births in the five years before the survey*

nt of live births in the five years before the survey





2000	2005	2011	2016
EDHS	EDHS	EDHS	EDHS

